


UNIT-2
NUMBER SYSTEM

NUMBER SYSTEM

1. Binary Number
 2. Decimal Number
 3. Octal Number
 4. Hexa Decimal Number
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BINARY NUMBER

The binary number system, also called the base-2 number system, is a method of representing numbers that counts by using combinations of only two numerals: zero (0) and one (1). Computers use the binary number system to manipulate and store all of their data including numbers, words, videos, graphics, and music.



DECIMAL NUMBER


Decimal is a term that describes the base-10 number system, probably the most commonly used number system. The decimal number system consists of ten single-digit numbers: 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, and 9.

OCTAL NUMBER

The octal numeral system, or oct for short, is the base-8 number system, and uses the digits 0 to 7. Octal numerals can be made from binary numerals by grouping consecutive binary digits into groups of three

HEXA DECIMAL NUMBER

In mathematics and computing, hexadecimal (also base 16, or hex) is a positional system that represents numbers using a base of 16. Unlike the common way of representing numbers with ten symbols, it uses sixteen distinct symbols, most often the symbols "0" – "9" to represent values zero to nine, and "A" – "F" (or alternatively "a" – "f") to represent values ten to fifteen.



BINARY TO DECIMAL CONVERSION

Binary Number: 11101_2

Calculating Decimal Equivalent –

| Step | Binary Number | Decimal Number |
|--------|---------------|---|
| Step 1 | 11101_2 | $((1 \times 2^4) + (1 \times 2^3) + (1 \times 2^2) + (0 \times 2^1) + (1 \times 2^0))_{10}$ |
| Step 2 | 11101_2 | $(16 + 8 + 4 + 0 + 1)_{10}$ |
| Step 3 | 11101_2 | 29_{10} |

Binary Number : 11101_2 – Decimal Number : 29_{10}

DECIMAL TO BINARY CONVERSION

Step 2 - Convert Decimal to Binary

| Step | Operation | Result | Remainder |
|--------|-----------|--------|-----------|
| Step 1 | $21 / 2$ | 10 | 1 |
| Step 2 | $10 / 2$ | 5 | 0 |
| Step 3 | $5 / 2$ | 2 | 1 |
| Step 4 | $2 / 2$ | 1 | 0 |
| Step 5 | $1 / 2$ | 0 | 1 |

Decimal Number : 21_{10} = Binary Number : 10101_2

OCTAL TO BINARY CONVERSION

Octal Number : 25_8

Calculating Binary Equivalent -

Step 1 - Convert to Decimal

| Step | Octal Number | Decimal Number |
|--------|--------------|--|
| Step 1 | 25_8 | $((2 \times 8^1) + (5 \times 8^0))_{10}$ |
| Step 2 | 25_8 | $(16 + 5)_{10}$ |
| Step 3 | 25_8 | 21_{10} |

Octal Number : $25_8 =$ Decimal Number : 21_{10}

Step 2 - Convert Decimal to Binary

| Step | Operation | Result | Remainder |
|--------|-----------|--------|-----------|
| Step 1 | $21 / 2$ | 10 | 1 |
| Step 2 | $10 / 2$ | 5 | 0 |
| Step 3 | $5 / 2$ | 2 | 1 |
| Step 4 | $2 / 2$ | 1 | 0 |
| Step 5 | $1 / 2$ | 0 | 1 |

Decimal Number : $21_{10} =$ Binary Number : 10101_2

Octal Number : $25_8 =$ Binary Number : 10101_2

HEXA DECIMAL TO BINARY CONVERSION

Hexadecimal Number : 15_{16}

Calculating Binary Equivalent –

| Step | Hexadecimal Number | Binary Number |
|--------|--------------------|-----------------|
| Step 1 | 15_{16} | $1_{10} 5_{10}$ |
| Step 2 | 15_{16} | $0001_2 0101_2$ |
| Step 3 | 15_{16} | 00010101_2 |

Hexadecimal Number : 15_{16} = Binary Number : 10101_2