

**JIWAJI UNIVERSITY  
GWALIOR**



***Syllabus***

**SUBJECT  
M. A. IN  
POLITICAL SCIENCE**

**INSTITUTE OF  
DISTANCE EDUCATION**

**SCHOOL OF STUDIES IN DISTANCE EDUCATION  
JIWAJI UNIVERSITY, GWALIOR**



*Syllabus*

**SUBJECT**

**M.A. Political Science (Previous)**

**Previous**

Paper I	:	Modern Indian Political Thought
Paper II	:	Western Political Theory
Paper III	:	Indian Government and Politics
Paper – D IV	:	Indian Foreign Policy

Note: Practical and Viva-Voce shall be conducted jointly by the External and Internal Examiners. However in case of difference of opinion the decision of the External examiner shall be final.

**Scheme of Examination**

Paper	Max.		Min.		Total Min in Theo. & Assignment
	Theo	Ass.	Theo/Pract.	Assign	
Paper I	70	30	21	12	40
Paper II	70	30	21	12	40
Paper III	70	30	21	12	40
Paper IV	70	30	21	12	40
Practical Paper	100	--	40	--	40

40 % and above but less than 50 %	:	Third Division
50 % and above but less than 60 %	:	Second Division
60 % and above	:	First Division

**PAPER – I**

**M. A. Political Science Previous (Compulsory)**

**MODERN INDIAN POLITICAL THOUGHT**

**Max Marks 70**

**Min Pass Marks 21**

**Unit – 1** An overview of Indian Political Thought; Genesis and Development; Contribution of Indian Renaissance- Raja Ram Mohan Roy, Vivekanand and Sri Aurovindo to Modern Indian Political thought.

**Unit – 2** The debate between the Moderates and the Extremists; Revolutionary Nationalism and contribution of Gokhale, Titlak, Lajpatrai.

**Unit–3** Gandhism: Critique of Modern Civilization, Trusteeship, Swadeshi, Swaraj, Nonviolence, Satyagrah, Bread-Labour Theory and Theory of State.

**Unit – 4** Socialism: Views of Lohia, Acharya Narendra Dev and Nehru.

**Unit – 5** Critique of Caste system: Ambedkar, Periyar and Ramaswami Naikar, Jyotiba Phule.

**Books Recommended:**

1. A. Appadorai, documents on Political thought in Modern India, 2 vols. Bombay University Press, 1970.
2. B. Chandra, Nationalism and Colonialism in Modern India, Delhi, Vikas, 1979.
3. P. Chatterjee and G. Pandey (eds.) Sugbaltern Studies VII, Delhi, Oxford University Press.
4. K. Damodaran, Indian Thought: A Critical Survey, London, Asia Publishing House, 196.
5. T. de Bary, Sources of Indian Tradition, New York, Columbia University Press, 1958.

**PAPER – II**

**M. A. Political Science Previous (Compulsory)**

**WESTERN POLITICAL THEORY**

**Max Marks 70**

**Min Pass Marks 21**

**Unit – 1** Political Theory: Meaning, nature and significance of political theory; importance of classical political theory, different interpretations in political theory debate about decline of political theory. Revival of political theory. State of political theory today.

**Unit – 2** Contribution of Plato and Aristotle, Miceol and Machiavelli

**Unit – 3** Contribution of Hobbes, Locke & Rousseau to Political Theory.

**Unit – 4** Contribution of Green, Hegel & Marx to political theory.

**Unit – 5** Contemporary issues in Political Theory: End of Ideology; End of History; Green Political Theory; feminism environmental theory (Green Revolution)

**Books Recommended:**

1. D. Bell, The End of Ideology, New York, The Free Press, 1960.
2. A. Brecht, A, Political Theory: The Foundations of Twentieth Century Political Thought, Bombay, The Times of India Press 1965.
3. A. Cobban, The Decline of Political Theory: Political Science Quarterly, 1953, LXVIII, pp. 321-337.
4. F. Fukuyama, The End of History and The Last Man, Harmondsworth, Penguins, 1992.
5. D. Germino, Beyond Ideology: The Revival of Political Theory, New York, Harper and Row, 1967.

**PAPER – III (Compulsory)**

**M. A. Political Science (Previous)**

**INDIAN GOVERNMENT AND POLITICS**

**Max Marks 70**

**Min Pass Marks 21**

**Unit – 1** Background of the Consistent Assembly: Composition and working; Ideological contents in the Constitution of India: the Preamble, Fundamental Rights & Directive Principles of the State Policy.

**Unit –2** Constitution as an instrument of social change; Amendment Process; Federalism in India: Center-State Relations, demand for state autonomy.

**Unit –3** Union Government: President, Prime Minister, Cabinet and Parliament; the Supreme Court of India; Judicial Activism.

**Unit –4** Nature of Party System: National and Regional Parties, Pressure Groups. Impact of caste, religion, regionalism and language on political system.

**Unit– 5** Major Debates on working of the Indian Constitution – Constitutional Review; Presidential v/s Parliamentary form of Government; Politics of Coalition Government; & a critical Assessment of the Indian Constitution: success and failures.

**Books Recommended:**

1. T.R. Andhyarujina, Judicial Activism and Constitutional Democracy in India, Bombay, N.M. Tripathi, 1992.
2. G.Austink, The Indian Constitution: Corner Stone of a Nation, Oxford, Oxford University Press, 1966.
3. S. Bayly, Caste, Society and Politics in India from the Eighteenth Century to the Modern Age, Cambridge, Cambridge University Press, 1999.
4. D.D. Basu, An Introduction to the Constitution of India, New Delhi, Prentice Hall, 1994.
5. C.P. Bhambri, The Indian State: Fifty Years, New Delhi, Shipra, 1999.

**PAPER – D IV**

**INDIAN FOREIGN POLICY**

**M. A. Political Science Previous (Optional)**

**Max Marks 70**

**Min Pass Marks 21**

**Unit – 1**

Foreign policy – meaning and major approaches to the study of foreign policy, Principles and objectives of India's foreign policy.

**Unit – 2**

Domestic determinants – Geography, History and culture society and political system.

**Unit – 3**

External determinants – Global, Regional, and Bilateral, India's foreign policy in a comparative perspective.

**Unit – 4**

Structure of foreign policy decision making and continuity and changes in India's foreign policy.

**Unit – 5**

India's policy towards her neighbors India's approach to major global issues. Globalization Disarmament, and arms control cross border terrorism. Environmental position human rights.

**SCHOOL OF STUDIES IN DISTANCE EDUCATION  
JIWAJI UNIVERSITY, GWALIOR**



*Syllabus*

**SUBJECT**

**M.A. Political Science (Final)**

**Final**

Paper I	:	Theories of International Relations
Paper II	:	Research Methodology
Paper III	:	Major Ideas and Issues in Public Administration
Paper – D IV	:	Indian Foreign Policy

Note: Practical and Viva-Voce shall be conducted jointly by the External and Internal Examiners. However in case of difference of opinion the decision of the External examiner shall be final.

**Scheme of Examination**

Paper	Max.		Min.		Total Min in Theo. & Assignment
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Paper III	70	30	21	12	40
Paper IV	70	30	21	12	40
Practical Paper	100	--	40	--	40

40 % and above but less than 50 % : Third Division  
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60 % and above : First Division

**PAPER – I**

**M. A. Political Science (Final) (Compulsory)**  
**THEORIES OF INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS**

**Max Marks 70**

**Min Pass Marks 21**

- Unit – 1** Development of the study of International Relations; Theories of International Relations; Realism, Idealism and World State Theory, Marxist Theory and Pluralist Theory.
- Unit – 2** Concept of Power: Its constituents and Limitations; Struggle for Power-as Status Qua, as Imperialism and as Prestige.
- Unit – 3** Management of Power: Balance of Power, Collective Security and Cooperative Security; Changing nature of National Power.
- Unit – 4** Concept of Non Alignment: Basis, Role and Relevance. Regional Organizations: SAARC, ASEAN; NAFTA; CARICOM; CENTCOM; Andean Group; European Union.
- Unit – 5** Disarmament and Arms Control: CTBT, NPT, PNE, SALT Treaties; Emerging Issues in International Politics: Humanitarian Interventions, Sanctions, Human Rights, Environmentalism, Terrorism and Democratic Expansion.

**Books Recommended:**

1. P.Allan and K. Goldman (eds.), The End of the cold was, Dordrecht, Martinery Nijhoff, 1992.
2. A. Appadorai, National Interest and Non-Alignment, New Delhi, kalinga Publications, 1999.
3. D.G. Brennan (ed.), Arms Control, Disarmament and National Security, New York George Braziler, 1961.
4. M. Cranston, What are Human Rights? London, Bodley Head, 1973.

**PAPER – II**

**M. A. Political Science (Final) (Compulsory)**  
**RESEARCH METHODOLOGY**

**Max Marks 70**

**Min Pass Marks 21**

- Unit – 1** Meaning, Nature and Scope of Social Research; Motivating Factor and Basic Assumption of Social Research, Pure and Applied Research Interdisciplinary Research: Meaning, Need and Problems.
- Unit – 2** The Scientific Methods in Political Science: Meaning, Characteristics and its Significance in Political Science, Various Stage in Scientific Method. The Scientific Method. The Scientific Method and the Study of Values. Popper's Method' & Kunh's Method.
- Unit – 3** Source of Data with Special reference to Primary and Secondary Data; Selection of Universe and Sampling, Observation, Questionnaires, Schedules, and Interview. Formulation of Research Problem; Research Designs, Concept of Hypothesis.
- Unit – 4** Nature of Study: Panel Study, Case Study Area Studies, Concept of Property Space: Coding, Tabulation and Classification, Report Writing. Theory Building in Political Science. Hermeneutics.
- Unit – 5** Statistical methods: Meaning, Significance, and Limitations. Measure of Central Tendency (Mean, Medium and Mode); Measure of Dispersion (Range, Quartile and Deviation: Mean Deviation and Standard Deviation). The Computer: its role in Political Science Research.

**Books Recommended:**

1. H.N. Blalock. An Introduction to Social Research, Englewood Cliffs NJ, Prentice Hall, 1970.
2. A. Bryman, Quantity and Quality in Social Research, London, Unwin Hyman, 1988.
3. R. Burgess. In the field: An Introduction to Field Research, London, Allen and Unwin 1984.
4. T.L. Burton and G.L. Cherry, Social Research Techniques, London, Unwin Hyman, 1989.
5. M. Duverger. An Introduction to the Social Sciences with Special Reference to their Methods, Translated by M. Anderson, New York, Frederick A. Praeger, 1964.

**PAPER – III**  
**M. A. Political Science (Final) (Compulsory)**  
**MAJOR IDEAS AND ISSUES IN PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION**

**Max Marks 70**

**Min Pass Marks 21**

- Unit – 1** Meaning nature, scope and significance of Public Administration, Administrative Ethos & Administrative Culture. Public and Private Administration. Its role in developed and developing societies, Ecology of Administration: Social, economic, cultural, political and legal.
- Unit – 2** Evolution of Public Administration as a discipline, Public Administration as art and science. Impact of Information Technology of Public Administration.
- Unit – 3** Approaches to the study of Public Administration: Ecological Approach: Fred Riggs; Rational Decision Making Approach: Herbert Simon; Development Administration Approach; & Political Economy Approach-Liberal Democratic and Marxist Approach.
- Unit – 4** Public Policy; Meaning and relevance. Role of Political Parties, Pressure Groups and Public Opinion on the process of Policy Formation. Process of policy formulation & implementation. Crisis Management.
- Unit – 5** Neutrality of Civil Service and Downsizing of Bureaucracy; Modernization of Bureaucracy; Bureaucracy and corruption.

**Books Recommended:**

1. G. Almond and G.B. Powell, comparative Politics: A Developmental Approach, Boston, Little Brown & Co. 1966.
2. P.H. Appleby, Public Administration for a Welfare State, Bombay, Asia Publishing House, 1961.
3. A. Avasthi, and S.N. Maheshwari, Public Administration, Agra, Laxmi N. Aggarwal, 1996.
4. P.R. Dubashi, Recent Trends in Public Administration, Delhi, Kaveri Books, 1995.
5. J. La Palombara and M. Weiner (eds.), Bureaucracy and Political Development, Princeton NJ, Princeton University Press, 1966.

**PAPER – VI INDIA’S FOREIGN POLICY (Optional)**

**M. A. Political Science Previous/Final**

**Max Marks 70**

**Min Pass Marks 21**

- Unit – 1** Foreign Policy: Meaning and major approaches to the study of foreign policy; Principles and objectives of India’s foreign policy.
- Unit – 2** Domestic determinants: Geography, history and culture, society and political system.
- Unit – 3** External determinants: Global, regional and bilateral; India’s Foreign Policy in a comparative perspective.
- Unit – 4** Structure of Foreign Policy decision making and continuity and changes in India’s Foreign Policy.
- Unit – 5** India’s Policy towards her neighbors; India’s approach to major global issues: Globalization, disarmament and arms control, cross border terrorism, environmental position, human rights.







**PAPER – IV**  
**INTERNATIONAL LAW**  
**M. A. Political Science Previous (Optional)**

**Max Marks 70**

**Min Pass Marks 21**

**Unit – 1**

The origins and development of international law; Grotius Contributions.

**Unit – 2**

The nature and content of international law and reference to changing nature and different perspectives.

**Unit–3**

Codification and progressive development of international law; International law and economic development: Third World Concerns.

**Unit-4**

International legal principles: Recognition, Equality, Jurisdiction, Law of Sea, Treaty Obligation, Diplomatic Immunities and Privileges.

**Unit–5**

Crimes against Humanity and provisions of International Law; The limitations and Possibilities of International Law.

**Books Recommended:**

1. J.I. Briery, the basis of obligation in international law, London, oxford university press, 958.
2. I. Brownlie, principals of public international law, London, oxford university press, 1973.
3. K. Deutsch and S. Hoffman (ed.), The relevance of international law, oxford, the clarendon press, 1955.
4. W. Friedmann, the changing structure of international law, new York, Columbia University press, 1964.
5. R. Higgins, development of international law through the political organization of the united nations, 1963.

**PAPER – VII (Optional)**  
**THEORY AND PRACTICE OF DIPLOMACY**  
**M. A. Political Science Previous/Final**

**Max Marks 70**

**Min Pass Marks 21**

**Unit – 1** Diplomacy and international relations theory; A definitional and conceptual understanding of diplomacy.

**Unit – 2** The historical evolution of diplomatic practice; Diplomacy as an instrument of national policy.

**Unit – 3** Cold War diplomacy between the two superpowers.

**Unit – 4** Negotiating strategies of different countries; Open diplomacy countries.

**Unit – 5** Issues on Contemporary diplomacy.

**Books Recommended:**

1. K. Antaloiev, modern diplomacy: Principles, documents, people, Moscow, novosti press agency publishing house, 1972.
2. R. Aron, peace and war: A theory of international relations, edited and translated by R. Howard and A.B. Fox, New York, Doubloday, 1966.
3. J.W. Burton, systems, states, diplomacy and rules, London, Cambridge University press, 1968.
4. Sir D, Busk, the craft of diplomacy: How to run a diplomatic service, New York, praeger, 1967.
5. G.H. Fisher, public diplomacy and the behavioral sciences, Bloomington, Indiana university press, 1972.

**PAPER – IV**  
**INTERNATIONAL LAW**  
**M. A. Political Science Previous (Optional)**

**Max Marks 70**

**Min Pass Marks 21**

**Unit – 1**

The origins and development of international law; Grotius Contributions.

**Unit – 2**

The nature and content of international law and reference to changing nature and different perspectives.

**Unit–3** Codification and progressive development of international law; International law and economic development: Third World Concerns.

**Unit-4** International legal principles: Recognition, Equality, Jurisdiction, Law of Sea, Treaty Obligation, Diplomatic Immunities and Privileges.

**Unit–5** Crimes against Humanity and provisions of International Law; The limitations and Possibilities of International Law.

**Books Recommended:**

1. J.I. Brierly, the basis of obligation in international law, London, oxford university press, 958.
2. I. Brownlie, principals of public international law, London, oxford university press, 1973.
3. K. Deutsch and S. Hoffman (ed.), The relevance of international law, oxford, the clarendon press, 1955.
4. W. Friedmann, the changing structure of international law, new York, Columbia University press, 1964.
5. R. Higgins, development of international law through the political organization of the united nations, 1963.